

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
United States Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS
Washington, D.C. 20221
www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILI	NG DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/014,680	12/	11/2001	Vijay Khawshe	5298-07400 CD01161	3210	
35617	7590	04/08/2003				
CONLEY R	•		EXAMINER			
P.O. BOX 684908 AUSTIN, TX 78768				LUU, A	LUU, AN T	
				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
				2816		
				DATE MAILED: 04/08/2003)	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		ah.					
	Application No.	cant(s)					
Office Action Summany	10/014,680	KHAWSHE, VIJAY					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
7, 114, 110, 0, 277, 6, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11,	An T. Luu	2816					
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover shart with thac	orrespondenc address					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 21 F	ebruary 2003 .						
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)□ Thi	is action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa closed in accordance with the practice under a Disposition of Claims							
4) \boxtimes Claim(s) <u>1-19</u> is/are pending in the application	•						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	vn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-4,7-11,13 and 16-19</u> is/are rejected.							
7) \boxtimes Claim(s) <u>6,12,14</u> is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r. 						
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accep							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on		by the Examiner.					
If approved, corrected drawings are required in rep	•						
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	i prionty under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (t).					
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:							
1. Certified copies of the priority documents		•					
2. Certified copies of the priority documents							
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International But* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic	c priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).					
 a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language pro 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domesting 							
Attachment(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Informal I	r (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)					

DETAILED ACTION

Applicant's Amendment filed on 2-21-03 has been received and entered in the case. The rejections set forth in the previous Office Action are maintained as indicated below.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 1-5, 7-11, 13 and 16-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by the Alleven reference (U. S. Patent 5,929,664).

Alleven discloses in figure 13 an apparatus comprising a comparator 302 having an output (coupled to gate terminal of N1) and a pair of inputs (positive and negative terminals), wherein the pair of inputs are adapted to receive an output signal produced from the circuit (gate control signal via transistor N2) and a reference voltage Vref forward to the circuit, and wherein the apparatus further comprises a pull-down transistor N1 coupled to one of the pair of inputs (Gate Control) and the output; and a pull down transistor P1 coupled between a power supply and one of the pair of input (gate Control)as required by claim 1. It is noted that transistor P1 is configured as an inverter to pull up node Output to the power supply as shown in figure 13. Further, a transistor is seen to be "coupled between" devices or elements if these devices are connected to any two terminals of the transistor. It does not have to be drain-source coupling.

As to claim 2, figure 13 shows the output signal (Gate Control signal) is coupled to the positive input terminal.

Application/Control Number: 10/014,680

Art Unit: 2816

As to claim 3, figure 13 shows the output signal (Gate Control signal) is coupled to the positive input terminal and the reference voltage signal is coupled to the negative input terminal.

Page 3

As to claim 4, transistor N1 in figure 13 is an n-channel transistor having a source-drain current path between the output signal and ground via transistor N2 and current source Is2, respectively. In operation, transistor N2 is ON when the output of comparator is HIGH whenever the positive terminal (the output signal) exceeds the reference voltage.

As to claim 5, figure 13 shows a current source Is1 coupled in parallel with the pull-down transistor N1 between ground and positive terminal input.

As to claims 7-11 and 13, the scopes of these claims are similar to those of claims 1-5. Therefore, they are rejected for the same reasons set forth above. Specifically, figure 13 shows a circuit comprising current source Is3 and transistor P2 for maintaining a reference voltage Vref between the positive and negative voltage peaks (Vcc and Ground) as required by claim 7. The recitations of claims 8-11 and 13 simply recite the operational results derived from an apparatus recited in claims 1-5.

As to claims 16-19, they are rejected for being reciting method and/or steps derived from an apparatus recited in claims 1-5 noted above.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

⁽a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claim 15 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the Alleven 4. reference (U.S Patent 5,929,664).

Alleven discloses all the claimed invention of claim except for an optical signal transmitter coupled to receive the output signal. It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to connect an optical transmitter device, or any other device for that matters, to the output of Alleven's apparatus because Alleven's apparatus is seen as an intermediate step to provide a desired signal for further processing. Therefore, the existence of "an optical signal transmitter", or lack of it, would not affect the operation characteristic of the apparatus. In fact, claim 15 merely claims one of applications wherein Alleven's invention could be utilized. And it would have been obvious for one skilled in the art to employ the invention in any environment that meets requirement of an application.

Response to Arguments

5. Applicant's arguments filed 2-21-03 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Regarding to the rejection of claim 1, Applicant has pointed out that "pull-up transistor" limitation was an allowable feature as indicated in the last Office Action. And Applicant has amended claim 1 to include "pull-up transistor" limitation and argued that Alleven does not teach a pull-up transistor. Examiner agrees that "pull-up transistor" limitation in claim 6 is an allowable feature. However, "pull-up transistor" limitation in newly amended claim 1 is not that of claim 6 as indicated. The allowable feature of claim 6 calls for a pull-up transistor having

Application/Control Number: 10/014,680

Art Unit: 2816

source-to-drain current path coupled between the power supply voltage and one of the pair of inputs.

As to claim 7, Applicant has argued that Alleven's structure (pull-down transistor and comparator) cannot be construed to teach or suggest a means for fixing a minimum voltage of an output signal...in proportion to changes in the reference voltage. Examiner respectfully disagrees because Alleven discloses elements being configured exactly as the recitation of claim 7. If the entire structure of claim is met by prior art, by necessity, the functional limitations of claim(s) will also inherently be met. Operationally, limitation "for fixing a minimum voltage of the output signal to a voltage approximately equal to the reference voltage" is inherent by structure shown in figure 13 of Alleven because comparator 302 is a comparator for outputting a difference of its inputs. And limitation "whereby the pulse width...reference voltage" is a result derived from the apparatus. If Applicant still believes that there is different functionality between his invention and that of Alleven, then Applicant's invention must include further element(s) or connection(s) not met by the prior art.

As to claim 16, Applicant has argued that the operation of Alleven's invention described in figure 9 is different from that of the instant application. Examiner respectfully reminds

Applicant that the rejection of claim 16 is based on figure 13, not figure 9. Therefore,

Applicant's argument is considered to be irrelevant.

Again, if the entire structure of claim is met by prior art, by necessity, the functional limitations of claim(s) will also inherently be met. Claims 16-19 recite method(s) derived from a rejected apparatus claimed in claims 17-11 and 13 of the instant application. Therefore, their functional limitation(s) of claim(s) read on the prior as well.

Application/Control Number: 10/014,680 Page 6

Art Unit: 2816

Allowable Subject Matter

6. Claims 6, 12 and 14 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

7. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: the prior art of record fails to disclose an apparatus comprising element being configured as recited in claims. Specifically, none of the prior art teaches or fairly suggests "a pull-up transistor" limitation as required in claim 6; "the comparator is predetermined to preclude a voltage of the output signal from being less than the reference voltage" limitation as required by claim 12; and "the comparator comprises a predefined slew rate and/or gain so that an output voltage from the comparator will not go below a threshold voltage of the pull-down transistor" as required in claim 14.

Conclusion

8. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37

Application/Control Number: 10/014,680 Page 7

Art Unit: 2816

CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to An T. Luu whose telephone number is 703-308-4922. The examiner can normally be reached on 7:30-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Timothy P. Callahan can be reached on 703-308-4876. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-308-7722 for regular communications and 703-308-7722 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0956.

An T. Luu *M* March 24, 2003

/ IMPOITHY P. GALLAHAN

UPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2800